



Human Factors in Autonomous Shipping

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This PhD with Blue Economy CRC will emphasise human operators as an integral element in the era of maritime autonomy.

With increased understanding of human-machine interactions, future employment in HR or Maritime Training and Development will align with my passion for enhanced human safety and competence in evolving maritime industries.



Capturing the Complexity

of Human Factors

Through Qualitative

Research

Human Agency
Trust and Acceptance of
Autonomy
Decision-making

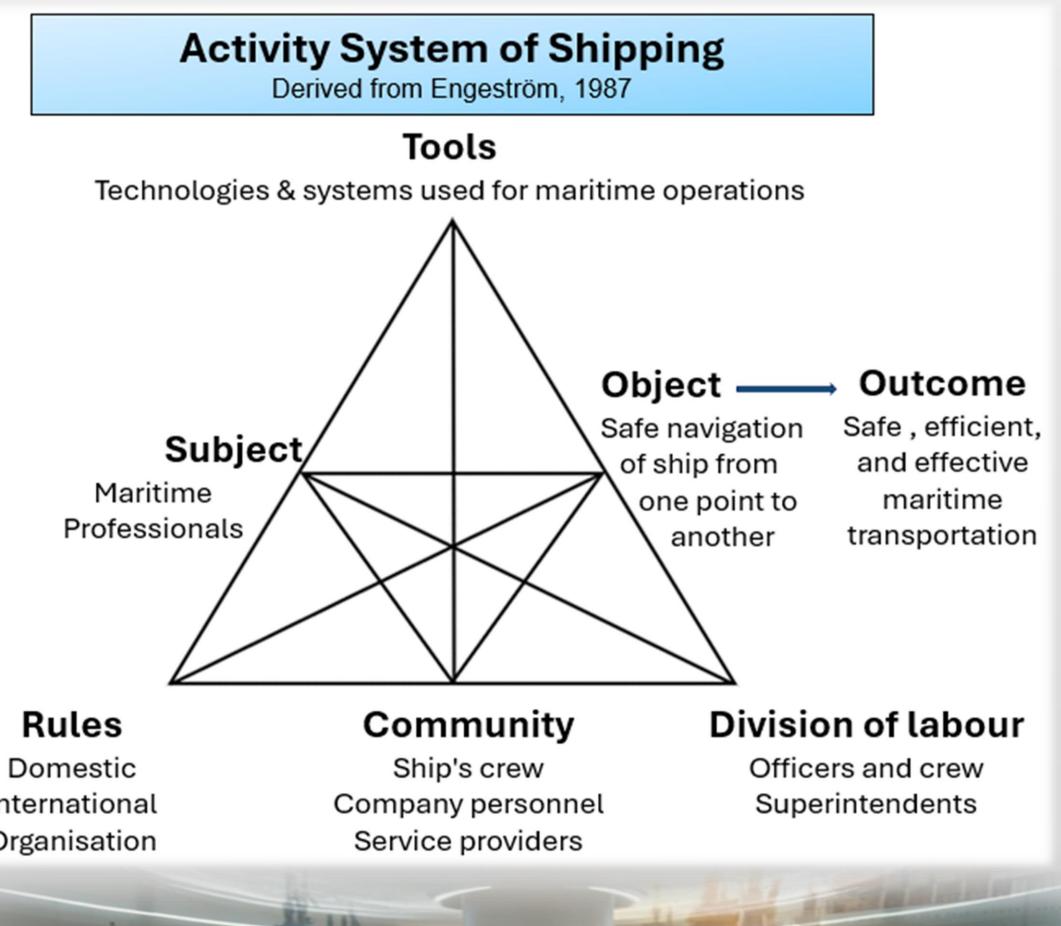
Competency Development

Sociotechnical System of Maritime Transport

Human – Technology - Organisation

Socio-Cultural Cultural-Historical

Activity Theory Distributed Cognition



Contemporary, Integrated,
Inclusive Framework For
The Future Blue Economy

Efficiency

Effectiveness

Improved Livelihoods

Job Creation

Maritime Safety

Economic Growth



Ship with automated processes and decision support: Some operations automated and at times unsupervised with seafarers ready to take control. FULL CREW - SEAFARERS ONBOARD

MASS 2

Remotely controlled ship with seafarers
onboard: Ship is controlled and operated from
another location, crew available onboard to take
control and operate. SEAFARERS ONBOARD



Remotely controlled ship without seafarers onboard: Ship is controlled from another location.

NO SEAFARERS ONBOARD

MASS 4

Fully Autonomous Ship: The operating system of MASS is able to make decisions and determine actions by itself, with human oversight.

NO SEAFARERS ONBOARD



